

PTO/SB/08B (08-03)

Approved for use through 07/31/2006. OMB D651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
A collection of information unless it contains a limitation

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office: U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Information Disclosure Statement by Applicant <i>(Use as many sheets as necessary)</i>			
<p>Substitute for form 1449/PTO</p> <p>INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT</p>			
<i>Complete if Known</i> FAX RECEIVED			
Application Number		10/669,177	
Filing Date		09-23-2003	
First Named Inventor		JAN 16 2007 Ba-Zhong Shen	
Art Unit		2133	
Examiner Name		OFFICE OF PETITIONS DILDINE JR, R STEPHEN	
Sheet	1	of	1
		Attorney Docket Number	
		DP3030.1	

NON-PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	
-------------------------------	--	----------------------------	--

*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

1 Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). 2 Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (end by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 (1-800-786-9199) and select option 2.

BOSCH GRAF von STOSCH JEHLE

PATENTANWALTSGESELLSCHAFT MBH

FAX: Bosch Graf von Stosch Jehle, Flüggenstraße 13, D-80619 München

Patentanwälte⁽¹⁾
European Patent Attorneys⁽²⁾
European Trade Mark and Design Attorneys⁽³⁾

Garlick, Harrison & Markison, LLP
2517 Improver Rd.
Spicewood, TX 78669
U.S.A.

Dr. Matthias Bosch, Dipl.-Ing.^{1, 2, 3, 4}
Dr. Andreas Graf v. Stosch LL.M., Dipl.-Bioch.^{1, 2, 3, 4}
Volker Jehle, Dipl.-Ing., Dipl.-Kfm.^{1, 2, 3, 4}
Albrecht Ritter, Dipl.-Ing.^{1, 2, 3, 4}
Dr. Hajo Peters, Dipl.-Bioch.^{1, 2, 3, 4}
Tilmann Tarutis, Dipl.-Ing.^{1, 2, 3, 4}
Dr. Marion Scharping, Dipl.-Bio.^{1, 2}

Sitz der Gesellschaft: München
Handelsregister: München HRB 153844
Geschäftsführer⁽⁴⁾, Prokurist⁽⁵⁾

Date
December 19, 2006

Technical Consultant
Trinelle A. Kern, B.Sc.Ec. (MII)

Our reference
BP02P354EP/BO/bs

Your reference
BP3036

Flüggenstraße 13
D-80639 München
Tel.: +49 - 89 - 18 92 78 - 0 info@bgsj.de
Fax.: +49 - 89 - 18 92 78 - 88 www.bgsj.de

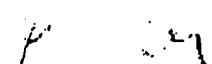
European Patent application 03022638.5-1247
Iterative metric updating when decoding LDPC (Low Density Parity Check) coded signals and
LDPC coded modulation signals
Broadcom Corporation

Dear Sirs,

Enclosed herewith, please find some documents for the IDS.

Very truly yours

BOSCH GRAF VON STOSCH JEHLE
PATENTANWALTSGESELLSCHAFT MBH


Dr. Matthias Bosch
Patent Attorney

1/13/07
1/15/07

MÜNCHEN DÜSSELDORF ALICANTE

WinPSK Technical Reference Manual

by

Moe Wheatley, AE4JY
ae4jy@mindspring.com

Table of Contents

1. WINPSK OVERVIEW	4
1.1. Introduction	4
2. WINPSK SIGNAL GENERATION	5
2.1. Block Diagram	5
2.2. Input Characters.....	5
2.3. Varicode Encoding.....	5
2.4. BPSK Serialization.....	7
2.5. QPSK Serialization	7
2.5.1. ECC Encoding Method.....	7
2.6. Differential Phase Shift encoding.....	8
2.7. Wave Shaping and Carrier Generation.....	9
2.8. Power Spectrum.....	13
3. WINPSK SIGNAL DETECTION	14
3.1. Block Diagram	14
3.2. Soundcard Input	15
3.3. Decimation by 2.....	15
3.4. Complex Mixer	15
3.5. Decimation by 9.....	16
3.6. Matched Data Bit filter	17
3.7. Frequency Error filter	18
3.8. AGC	19
3.9. Frequency Error Detection/Correction	20
3.10. Symbol Synchronization.....	24
3.11. Squelch Function.....	25
3.12. Symbol Decoding.....	31
3.12.1. BPSK	32
3.12.1.1. Maximum Likelihood Detector	32
3.12.2. QPSK	34
3.12.2.1. Maximum Likelihood example	34

3.12.2.2.	Soft Viterbi Decoder.....	35
3.13.	Display Signals.....	38
3.13.1.	FFT for Spectrum Display.....	38
3.13.2.	Vector Display.....	38
3.13.3.	Input Signal.....	38
3.13.4.	Sync histogram.....	38
4. WINDOWS PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION.....		39
4.1.	PC/Windows Implementation Issues	39
4.2.	Real Time Considerations.....	39
4.3.	Float vs. Integer Implementation.....	39
4.4.	PC Soundcard Settings	40
4.5.	Program Structure.....	41
4.5.1.	Hierarchy Diagram.....	41
4.5.2.	Class Descriptions.....	42
4.6.	Miscellaneous Software issues.....	44
4.6.1.	FIR Filter implementation.....	44
4.6.2.	Inter-Class Communication	45
4.6.3.	Processor Loading.....	45
PROBLEMS/BUGS/ISSUES.....		46
5. REFERENCES:.....		47

1. WinPSK Overview

1.1. Introduction

PSK31 is an amateur radio communications mode introduced by Peter Martinez, G3PLX, that uses phase modulation and special character coding. It provides robust narrow bandwidth keyboard Chat type communications between two or more stations.

This document was written to describe some of the internal workings of the WinPSK program that was developed as a result of my experimenting with DSP on a PC soundcard. Previously, experimenting with DSP was achieved using evaluation boards from various DSP chip manufacturers. Programming these boards was tedious due to their assembly language and fixed-point number representation. Trying to learn the basics of DSP often got lost in the details of programming and debugging these specialty processors.

Beginning with the Intel 486 and subsequent Pentium class processors being used in the popular desktop PC platform, the processing power has increased to the point where real time signal processing can now be done using floating point arithmetic and a PC soundcard for analog I/O. The amateur radio community has benefited from these advances with PC Soundcard based applications for SSTV, RTTY, and more recently, PSK31.

My interest in all this was in learning how to develop and program various DSP communications algorithms using a standard Windows¹ based PC platform. It is from these experiments that WinPSK evolved from basically a DSP test bed to a simple functioning program for PSK31. This paper describes in some detail the basic design decisions that were made during this learning process that led to the final program. It is not meant as a definitive reference on PSK31 implementation but just an engineering notebook describing this program. Perhaps others can build on some of the information here to improve this program as well as be motivated to experiment with new modes.

The basic goal was to write a working PSK31 interface program from scratch. Unlike some other HF modes, Peter Martinez has made available very complete specifications for this mode^{2,3}. Also his Windows program "PSKsbw" provided an excellent reference program for verifying and testing various algorithms.

"WinPSK User Guide" is a separate document that describes the user operation of the program. This document only describes the inner workings of the program.

The program will be described in sections starting with signal generation then followed by the reception algorithms. Finally, the overall software architecture and miscellaneous issues will be discussed.